

ASI CoC Standard Key Metrics Calculation Guidance

Input and output percentages across Entity Certification Scope

VERSION 1.2

September 2024



1. Introduction

ASI Chain of Custody certifying Entities are required to track CoC Material Inputs to and Outputs from their Certification Scope (as well as non-CoC Material), within a Material Accounting System (<u>Section 8 of the Chain of</u> <u>Custody Standard v2</u>). This is to ensure that the share of CoC Material leaving an Entity's Certification Scope does not exceed the share entering (avoiding the over-accounting of ASI Bauxite, Alumina, Aluminium or Eligible Scrap Mass Balance).

In order to assist ASI Members, in addition to the comprehensive <u>Guidance</u> available, the ASI Secretariat has developed the following short formulae sheet for the calculation of key metrics under ASI CoC Standard, which can be complex to understand for Entities with Certification Scopes that encompass multiple types of CoC Material.

This short document will assist Certifying Entities, expressing the functions that are embedded in the Microsoft Excel-based <u>ASI CoC Material</u> <u>Accounting Tool version 4 (June 2024)</u>.





В

B_c + Inflow Non-

ASI Bauxite

А

A_c + Inflow Non-

ASI Alumina

S_e + Inflow Non-

Eligible Scrap

AL

AL_c + Inflow

Non-ASI

Aluminium

STEP 2: To find the common denominator, i.e. units of Aluminium, the equation must include different Material Yields: Bauxite to Alumina (Y1), Alumina to Aluminium (Y2), and Scrap to Aluminium (Y3). These are calculated as follows:



STEP 3: For Bauxite volumes, two distinct Yields need to be applied: Bauxite to Alumina (Y1), and Alumina to Aluminium (Y2):

$$\frac{(B_c \div Y_1 \div Y_2) + (A_c \div Y_2) + (S_e \times Y_3) + AL_c}{(B \div Y_1 \div Y_2) + (A \div Y_2) + (S \times Y_3) + AL} \times 100$$

STEP 4: In cases where an Entity does not handle all types of materials, the equations should be adjusted accordingly by removing elements related to those specific materials.

Attention should be paid to application of Yields. If an Entity is handling only one type of Material, Yields should not be applied.

For Entities operating Bauxite Mines, Alumina Refineries, and Aluminium Smelters only, the common denominator in Yield calculations is Alumina, therefore only one Yield needs to be applied, as illustrated below:

$$\frac{(B_c \div Y_1) + A_c}{(B \div Y_1) + A} \times 100$$







STEP 2: To find the common denominator, i.e. units of Aluminium, the equation Aluminium (Y2). These are calculated as follows: $Y = \frac{SS_x}{P_x}$ SS Ρ Х Material Secured Production of Material: Material: Yield supply of Bauxite, or Material z from Alumina or Alumina material x* Aluminium Material x* *CoC and Non-CoC)

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$$\frac{(B_c \div Y_1 \div Y_2) + (A_c \div Y_2) + AL_c}{(B \div Y_1 \div Y_2) + (A \div Y_2) + AL} \times 100$$

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For Entities operating Bauxite Mines and Alumina Refineries only, the common denominator in Yield calculations is Alumina, therefore only one Yield needs to be applied, as illustrated below:

$$\frac{(B_c \div Y_1) + A_c}{(B \div Y_1) + A} \times 100$$

